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## Characterization of dihydroorotate dehydrogenase for malaria therapy

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Condition: New. Publisher/Verlag: LAP Lambert Academic Publishing | Production, purification and co-crystallization of *Plasmodium falciparum* and *Plasmodium vivax* DHODH with novel inhibitors | Malaria remains a world's disease burden causing high incidences of mortality in susceptible populations. Severe cases of malaria are caused by parasites of the apicomplexan *Plasmodium falciparum* localized in sub-Saharan Africa whereas less severe malaria but most prevalent outside Africa is caused by *Plasmodium vivax*. Malaria campaigns through vector control and effective artemisinin-based combination therapy has considerably reduced malarial mortality rates in the past decade. However, increasing cases of drug resistance has raised an urgent need for development of new anti-malarial drugs. In-silico drug design using the structure of the biological target is the latest lead optimization option in search of more potent drugs. In this work, I sought to determine the 3-dimensional structure of the biological target, dihydroorotate dehydrogenase (DHODH) from the above mentioned plasmodia species co-crystallized with novel drug candidates. Characterization of the parasitic DHODH involved target gene cloning, site directed mutagenesis, protein expression and purification and subsequent co-crystallization for structure determination. This book therefore, targets life science research professionals | Format: Paperback | Language/Sprache: english | 68 pp.


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### Reviews

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